

Surface Mine Waste in Cherokee County, Kansas

May 22, 1988

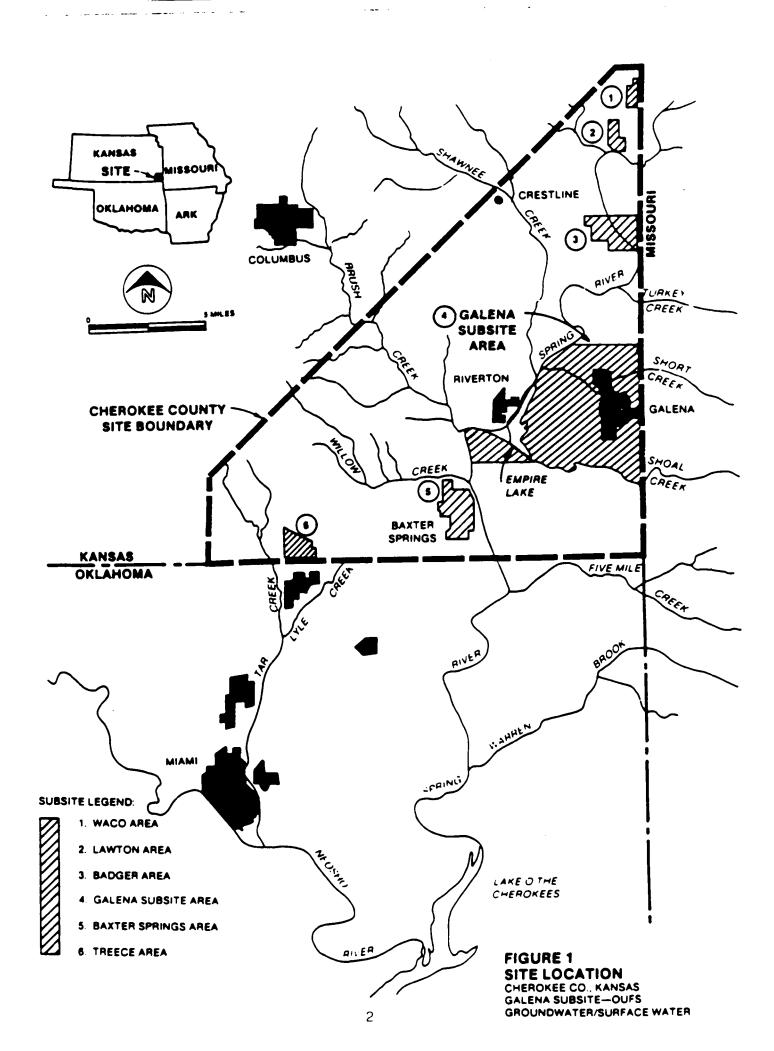
Gary Andes P.O. Box 893 Cannon Beach, OR 97110

# Introduction

Under the authority of CERCLA and SARA, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has been studying an area known as the Cherokee County Superfund site in southeast Kansas, an area of former lead-zinc mining. The site has been subdivided by EPA into six subsites as shown in Figure 1 (from the Galena Subsite OUFS). To date only the Galena Subsite has been studied in detail by EPA and Operable Unit Feasibility Studies prepared. After considerable study, analysis, and evaluation of the Galena Subsite, EPA has proposed a remedial action alternative which would remove and treat the surface mine wastes. Surface mine wastes would be removed by excavation and then treated by milling and flotation processes to concentrate the lead and zinc for partial cost Tailing from the treatment process would be disrecovery. posed of in the mine voids. Following surface mine waste removal, the disturbed land areas would be recontoured and vegetated.

Because only reconnaissance level studies have been performed at the other five subsites, it is not presently known what remedial action alternatives EPA might eventually propose for those areas, if any. However, a large factor to be considered in the evaluation of almost any alternative is the quantity of surface mine waste existing in the area. In addition, the breakdown of waste by type and the chemical composition of the wastes must be considered.

A previous study (April 4, 1988) was completed to evaluate the existing surface mine waste data and provided an estimate of the quantity and types of surface mine wastes within the eight zones delineated by EPA for the Galena Subsite. This second study was commissioned to perform a similar evaluation for the remaining subsites within the Cherokee County Superfund Site. Also surveyed were some outlying areas around



Galena not included in the April 4, 1988 survey. Field work was conducted from May 14-19, 1988 with literature review and calculations occurring before and after the field work.

## Surface Mine Waste Types

As defined by EPA, mine wastes is a collective term that includes bullrock, dump material, chat, slag, and tailing — all derived from mining and smelter activities. In this study bullrock and dump material were combined into one category as waste rock. In addition, two additional waste types were identified and categorized, sand and stream sediments.

Bullrock is very coarse material and boulders removed in shaft excavation. Dump material is subeconomic ore from minus 1/4-inch to boulder size excavated from the subsurface workings and deposited on the surface in the process of The two above materials are commonly mixed and are usually found adjacent to the mine shaft. Chat is a fine grained material, mostly chips of host rock, that has been milled to remove the sulfides. It is easily distinguished from the other waste materials by its smaller grain size and gray color (on the surface of the pile). Sand is an intermediate product in grain size between chat and the finer grained tailing. It appears as its name suggests and is usually gray in color also and sometimes mixed with the chat. Tailing is the finest grained of the waste materials, is usually light brown in color, and contained within a ponding Stream sediments are materials found in the area system. streambeds from the erosional process on any of the above materials and may consist of a mixture of the other waste types, although usually smaller sized in nature.

#### Procedures

Three major sources of data were utilized during the study. (1) USGS topographic maps for the areas; (2) 1978 aerial photos (black and white) obtained from the Soil Conservation Service; and (3) maps and data presented in the 1983 McCauley study of stability problems and hazard evaluations.

The McCauley maps and topo maps were utilized to generally outline the known locations of surface mine wastes. The aerial photos were then used in the field to outline and characterize in detail the surface mine waste areas in the six subsites according to the five waste types previously described.

Areal extent of each waste type was estimated by actually walking each zone and outlining areas on the aerial photos in the field. Visible known locations and reference points such as streets or roads, ponds, buildings, power lines, and streams were used to locate positions in the surface waste fields. Only a few locations were inaccessible due to "No Trespassing" signs. These areas were visually surveyed from roadways or railways and estimates of areal extent and depth made. In addition, a few locations were both inaccessible and not visible from any location. These areas were estimated from the aerial photos only and a three or six-inch depth utilized.

For individual piles an estimate of the average height was made as most piles were irregular in shape. Larger areas of mine waste were walked and an estimate of average waste depth over the area made. Where minimal piles existed in an area or the area had some natural surface showing, the depth was usually estimated at three inches. Areas with larger piles or minimal natural surface were estimated at six inches in depth. Ravines and washouts, as well as mine shafts and

pits, were utilized to ascertain the natural surface level. Although the areas covered by this survey were generally flat in nature with only slighlty rolling topography, the slope of the natural topography was also taken into account when estimating pile or area waste depths. Areas with larger heaped piles and/or spreadout zones were usually estimated at one foot in depth. Some areas mapped contained essentially one pile whose dimensions were estimated as previously described. Depth estimates also attempted to include the minor surface and mine shaft depressions which contained some mine waste in the slumped or cone shapes.

Areas on the marked-up aerial photos were determined by planimeter by Allgeier, Martin & Associates of Joplin, Missouri to obtain acreage figures for each mine waste area and pond identified in the photographs.

Volumes for each area or pile were calculated using standard formulas from the dimensions estimated or measured in the field. Total subsite and waste type volumes were then calculated by summing the previously calculated volumes.

## Interpretation of Results

Appendix A contains the marked up aerial photographs utilized to determine the areal extent of the various types of mine wastes located. Also included in Appendix A are index maps showing the locations of the aerial photographs. Appendix B contains the results of the planimetering and volume calculations for the areas.

Table 1 presents a summary of the number of locations of mine wastes located during this survey. Over 300 sites were located or delineated with over one-third being in the Treece area and 1/3 being in the Baxter Springs area. Chat piles or remnants constituted nearly 50% of the locations with waste rock piles making up another 31%.

Table 1

Number of Mine Waste Piles,
Remnants or Locations

Area	Rock	Chat*	Sand*	Tailing	Stream Sediment	Total
Baxter Springs	30	49	2	17	2	100
Galena (this survey)	8	15	-	-	1	24
Treece	38	52	13	19	1	123
Waco	6	11	1	4	-	22
Lawton	1	6	-	-	-	7
Badger	13	16	1	1	-	31
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TOTAL	96	149	17	41	4	307

<sup>\*</sup> In a few cases chat and sand were mixed together and were placed in the category felt to represent the majority of the material.

Table 2 presents a summary of the acreage of surface mine wastes by waste type and subsite location. Chat piles or remnants made up 74% of the acreage found during this survey with waste rock piles only accounting for 3%. When results of the previous Galena survey are included, the waste rock percentage increases to 19%, while chat drops to 63%. This is due to the much larger percentage of waste rock occurring in the Galena Subsite as a result of the more intense surface or near surface mining which occurred there. Of the total acreage, the Galena Subsite accounts for 39%, with Treece close behind at 34% and Baxter Springs a distant third at 17%.

The 1983 study by McCauley of mine and mill waste and disturbed areas yielded the data shown in Table 3 for each subsite area. A comparison of McCauley's areas shown in Appendix C with the Appendix A aerial photographs shows a generally close agreement regarding delineation of surface mine waste areas. The difference in estimated acreages probably is a function of the definition of waste coverage and the fact that areas which appeard to be totally revegetated were not included in this survey. In addition, it is known that some of the surface mine waste has been removed or utilized (chat for roadways and fill, for example). Although only two chat piles were observed being actively utilized (BS10-C3 and T5-C2) during the survey, it appeared that at least eight others had been recently active and utilized as a resource by locals or sand and gravel companies. In any case, the 1,872 acre estimate is most likely on the low side.

Table 4 presents a summary of the estimated volumes of surface mine wastes by waste type and subsite. Approximately 7,600,000 cubic yards of surface mine waste were estimated to exist within the Cherokee County Superfund Site. Of the material located during this survey only 5% was waste rock

Table 2
Acreage of Mine Waste Types

Area	Rock	Chat	Sand	Tailing	Stream Sediment	Total	
Baxter Springs	8.14	264.92	9.03	31.71	2.50	316.30	17
Galena	8.63	33.46	-	-	.61	42.70	
Treece	9.92	453.71	85.24	78.85	.94	628.66	34
Waco	. 79	62.36	36.43	30.74	-	130.32	7
Lawton	.27	13.28	-	-	~	13.55	ı
Badger	4.89	39.99	3.62	.10	-	48.60	3
=======================================	*======	========		*********			
TOTAL	32.64	867.72	134.32	141.40	4.05	1180.13	~
% of this Survey	3	74	11	12	-	100	-
Galena (previous survey)	320	312	-	~	60	692	37
GRAND TOTAL	353	1180	134	141	64	1872	100
PERCENTAGE	19	63	7	8	3	100	-

Table 3
Comparison of Acreages of Mine Wastes

ACRES						
Area	McCauley Survey *	Andes Survey **	<pre>% Andes/ McCauley</pre>			
Waco	150	130	87			
Lawton	19	14	74			
Badger/Crestline	72	49	68			
Treece	7 <b>47</b>	629	84			
Baxter Springs	449	316	70			
Galena	891	735	82			
TOTAL	2,328	1,873	80%			

<sup>\*</sup> McCauley's survey included all mining affected areas including pits and ponds.

<sup>\*\*</sup> An additional 53 acres of pits and ponds should be added to the above average. In addition, a number of locations were not included in the average if the area appeared totally revegetated.

Table 4

Volumes of Mine Waste Types

			CUBIC YARDS	S			
Area	Rock	Chat	Sand	Tailing	Stream Sediment	Total	8
Baxter Springs	60,138	1,325,117	64,387	78,496	1008	1,529,146	20
Galena (this survey)	25,943	139,554	_	-	492	165,989	2
Treece	148,230	3,481,117	431,203	215,175	758	4,276,483	56
Waco	10,407	66,178	78,559	68,524	-	223,668	3
Lawton	4356	22,103	-	-	-	26,459	_
Badger	52,078	47,438	5840	81	-	105,437	1
*==========	*=======		=======================================	=======================================	========		
TOTAL	301,152	5,081,507	579,989	362,276	2,258	6,327,182	-
% this survey	5	80	9	6	-	100	-
Galena (previous survey)	508,536	735,639	-	-	34,396	1,278,571	17
GRAND TOTAL	809,688	5,817,146	579,989	362,276	36,654	7,605,733	100
PERCENTAGE	11	76	8	5	_	100	_

while chat accounted for 80% of the volume. When the previously studied Galena subsite volumes are added in, the rock percentage increases to 11% for the reasons previously explained. The vast majority of the surface mine waste (56%) is located near Treece with Baxter Springs and Galena being nearly equal at 20% and 19% respectively.

In 1983 McCauley estimated the size of a number of "chat" piles in the Cherokee County area. His measurements were only of individual large piles and in reality did include some rock piles in addition to chat. If one assumes a standard cone shape for most and a wedge shape for the others, the volume for 25 piles (where three dimensions were given) alone is 1,137,070 cubic yards as shown in Table 5. A further attempt to correlate volumes estimated in this study with McCauley's estimates yielded the last column in Table 5. As can be seen from the table, both estimates yield similar results.

In addition to estimating the volume and acreage of surface mine wastes, a modest attempt was made during the survey to estimate the volume of open mine shafts or subsidence areas as they were encountered. However, no attempt was made to locate all shafts, subsidence zones, or ponds as dense groundcover exists around and in many of the disturbed mine areas. This procedure was done for all subsites except the Galena area. Table 6 presents a summary of the preliminary estimates. This data indicates that the waste rock could easily be disposed of in the open mine shafts, subsidence zones and ponds. However, because the void locations do not necessarily coincide with the location of the waste rock piles, some trucking of material would be required.

In order to determine the chemical characteristics of the mine wastes, 27 samples were taken at most of the larger chat, sand, or tailing locations. Appendix D lists the

Table 5
Comparison of Volumes of Mine Waste

McCauley Number (Page)	Andes Number	McCauley Dimension (1983)	McCauley (1983) (yd)	Andes (1988) (yd <sup>3</sup> )
3(182) 1(182) 1(183) 2(183) 5(183) 10(184) 12(184) 14(184) 14(185) 25(185) 27(185) 27(185) 28(185) 31(186) 34(186) 44(187) 45(187) 47(187) 48(187) 7(188) 15(189)	W1-S1/C B5-R2 G1-C2 G1-C4 8A-C3 6D-C1 5D-C1 6A-C2 5ZA-C1 5A-C18 7B-C2 7A-C2 7A-C1 2D-C5 3C-C5 1H-C7 1H-C8 G6-C1 G8-C1 T2-C11 T4-S2/C BS4-C1+S1	300' X 80' 250' X 120' X 30' 150' X 20' 150' X 250' X 20' 400' X 12.5' 300' X 40' 300' X 450' X 20' 100' X 20' 150' X 240' X 30' 120' X 300' X 20' 300' X 75' 250' X 12.5' 125' X 270' X 12.5' 100' X 200' X 20' 350' X 25' 220' X 25' 220' X 25' 200' X 12.5' 150' X 300' X 25' 350' X 450' X 35 400' X 550' X 80' 750' X 35' 400' X 600' X 22.5'	69,600 16,667 4350 13,889 19,400 34,920 50,000 1,940 20,000 13,333 65,475 7,578 7,813 7,408 29,706 11,737 4,850 20,833 102,083 325,926 190,313 100,000	59,361 28,394 7,502 43,220* 18,969 33,880 39,115 3,323 25,937 8,678 75,972 46,390* 14,598 7,113 13,227** 3468** 6,291 33,799 17,641** 279,101 244,415 47,431
2(191) 8(184) 15(184) 46(187)	G4-C1 6B-C1	25' X 150' 30' X 180' 20' X 150'	1,117,821 5,456 9,428 4,365	1,057,825

<sup>\*</sup> The Andes estimates include more area than the one pile in McCauley's data.

<sup>\*\*</sup> These piles have been significantly reduced in volume since the 1983 study as indicated by a comparison of the pile measurements.

Table 6

Volume of Located Subsidence Areas,
Mine Shafts and Ponds\*

Area	Subsidence Areas, Shafts & Ponds With Depth** (yd <sup>3</sup> )	Ponds with Unknown Depth*** (acres)
Baxter Springs	601,923	7.02
Galena****	-	-
Treece	67,920	8.56
Waco	22,425	6.47
Lawton	-	-
Badger	16,295	. 26
TOTAL	708,563	22.31

- \* No attempt was made to locate all abandoned mine shafts, subsidence zones, or ponds.
- \*\* For these areas the depth from ground surface to water level was estimated. No attempt was made to ascertain the depth of the hole below the water level.
- \*\*\* For these areas the water level was essentially equal to the ground surface. No attempt was made to ascertain the depth of the pond and only acreage is estimated.
- \*\*\*\* No shafts or ponds were located during this survey and the initial survey did not attempt to estimate this parameter.

actual sampling sites. Table 7 presents a summary of the distribution of samples by waste type and subsite. samples were taken at the Badger, Waco or Lawton areas as the amount of surface mine waste located there did not appear to warrant sampling. A small hand shovel was utilized to take ten scoops of material at each site, yielding approximately eight pounds per sample. Ten randomly located points on each site were selected and the top four to six inches of material removed before the actual sample was taken. It was quite apparent during the sampling that segregation of materials This would be expected as the ore occurs within each site. changed composition and as the waste materials were deposited on the surface. Each sample was placed in double ziploc plastic bags and labeled before being sent by Federal Express to the AMAX R&D Laboratory in Golden, Colorado for analysis. Appendix E presents the analytical results.

## Conclusions

From this study and the previous Galena subsite study it is estimated that at least 1,872 acres and 7,600,000 cubic yards of surface mine waste exist in the Cherokee County Superfund Site. Approximately 76% of the material is chat with waste rock making up 11%, although outside of the Galena Subsite waste rock only amounts to 5% of the volume. The vast majority of the surface mine waste (56%) is located near Treece with Baxter Springs and Galena volumes being nearly equal at 20% and 19%.

Correlation of the findings from these studies with those from McCauley's 1983 survey indicate a general agreement in affected acreages and substantiate estimated waste volumes.

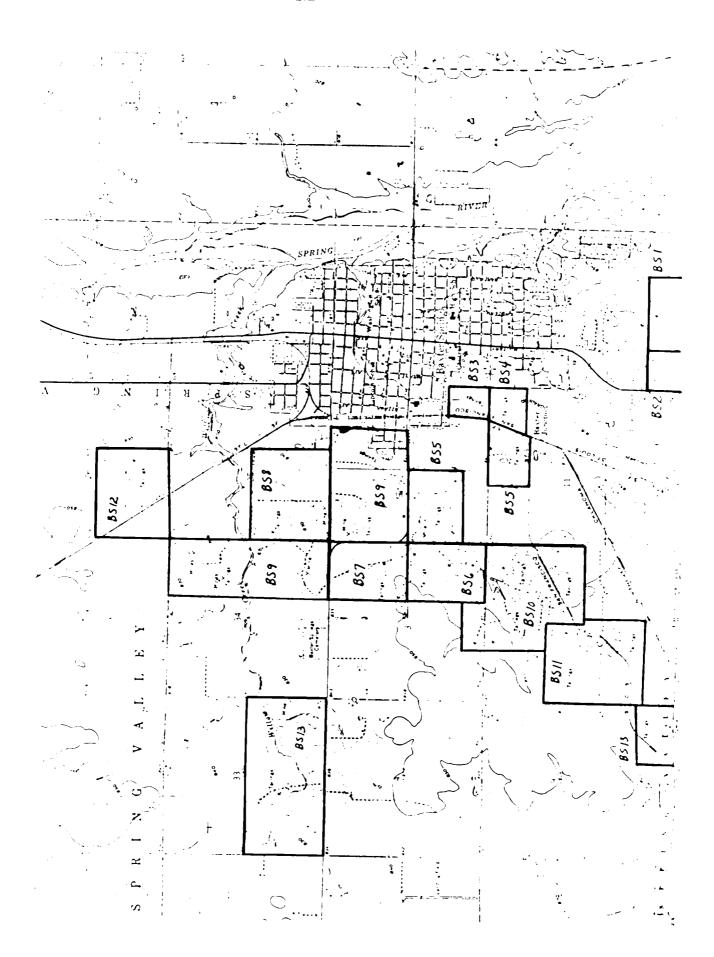
Although only a preliminary study was conducted, data indicates that the waste rock fraction of the surface mine waste could easily be disposed of in the open mine shafts, subsidence zones, and ponds.

Table 7
Samples Taken

Area	Chat	Sand	Tailing	Total
Galena	10*	-	-	10
Baxter Springs	3	-	1	5**
Treece	8	1	3	12
TOTAL	) 1	:=====================================	. = = = = = = = = = = = = = : A	======== 27
TOTAL	21	l	4	27

- \* One sample in the Galena area was of chat being used as roadway gravel.
- \*\* One sample in the Baxter Springs area was a combination of chat, sand, and tailing.

Appendix A











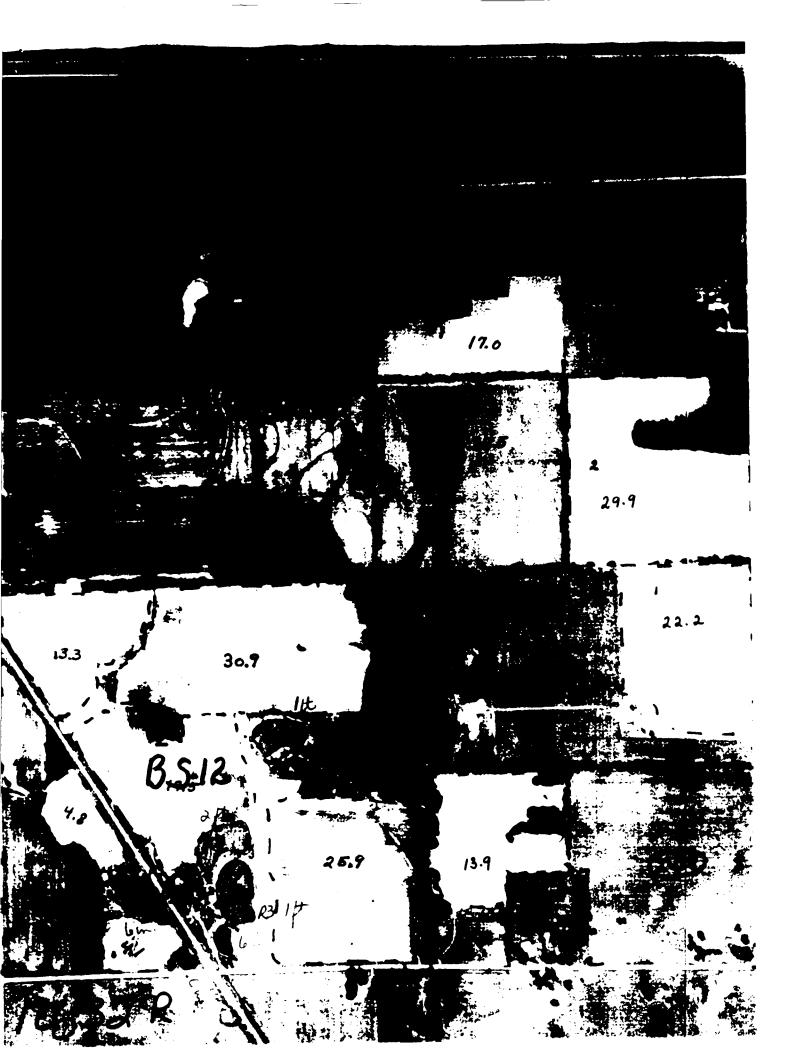
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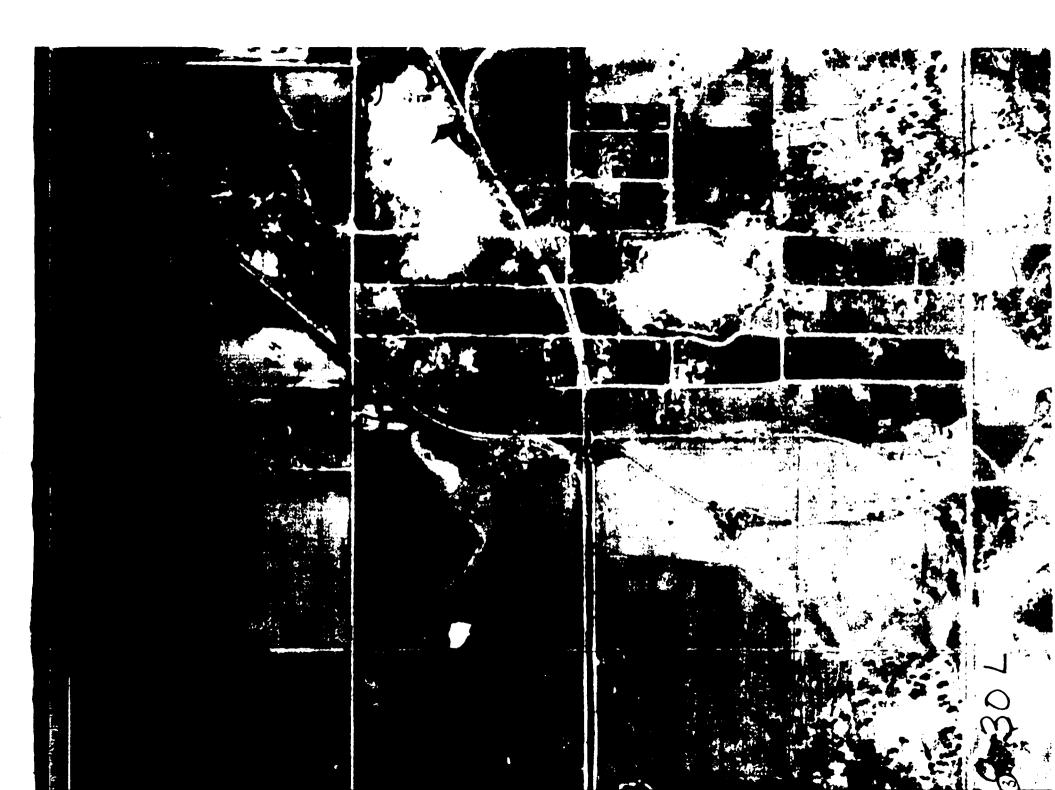


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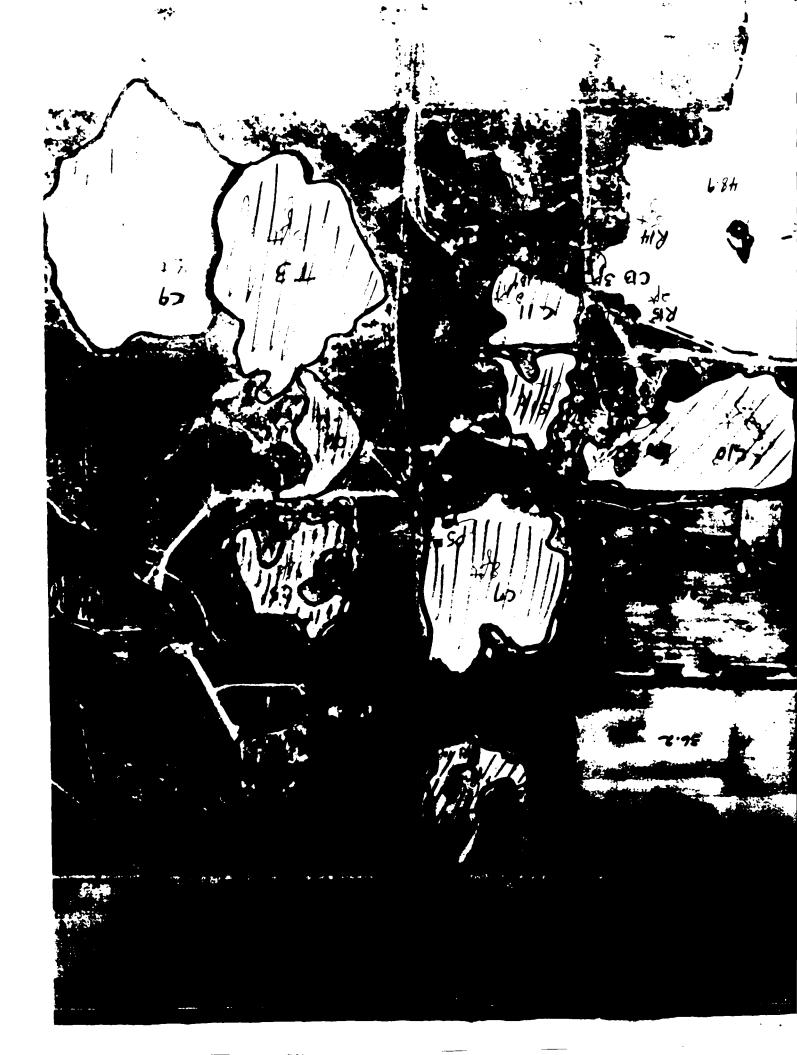




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TREBCE SUBSITE AREA MAP





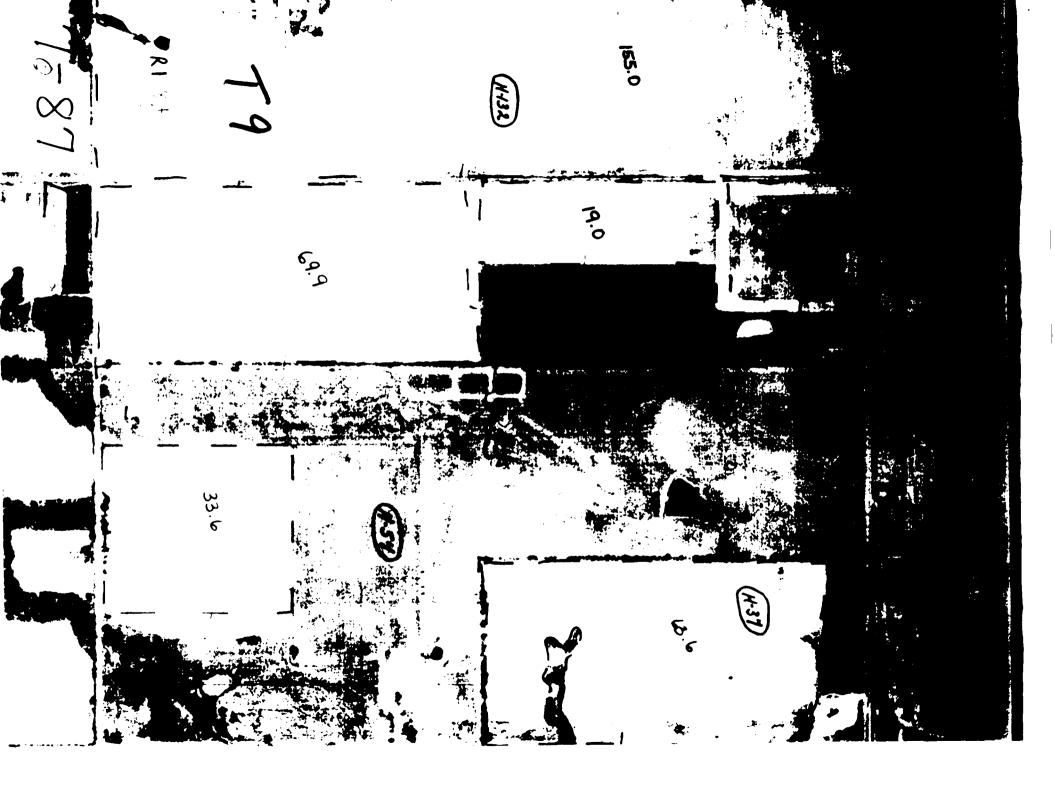




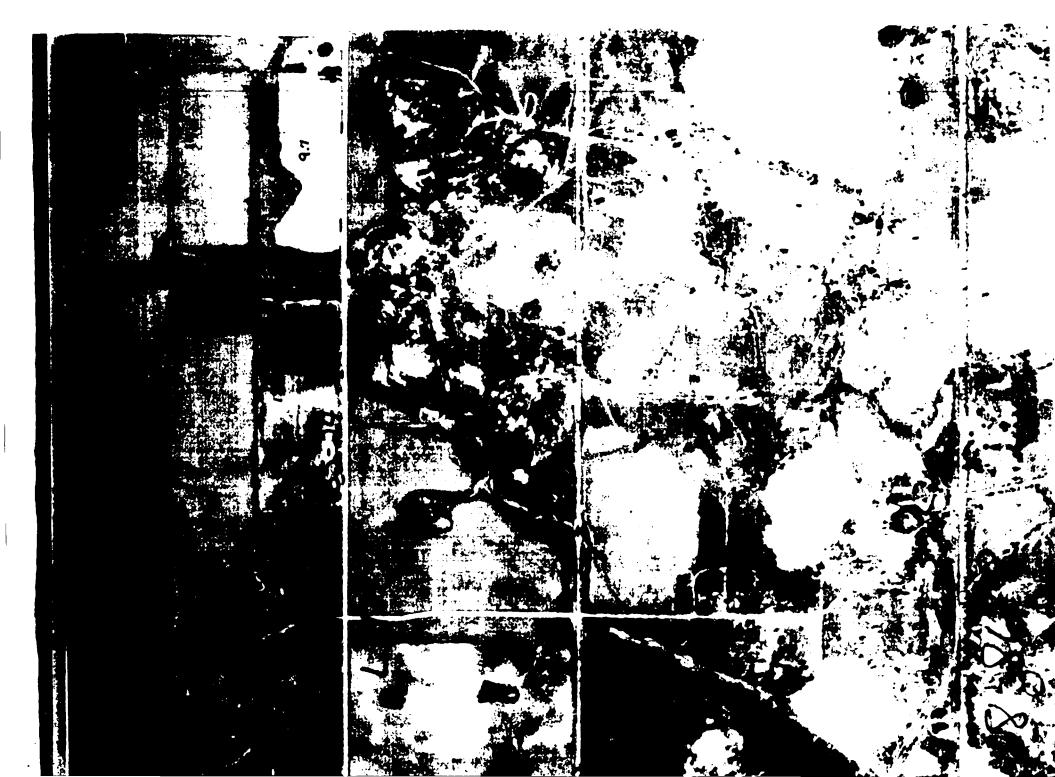












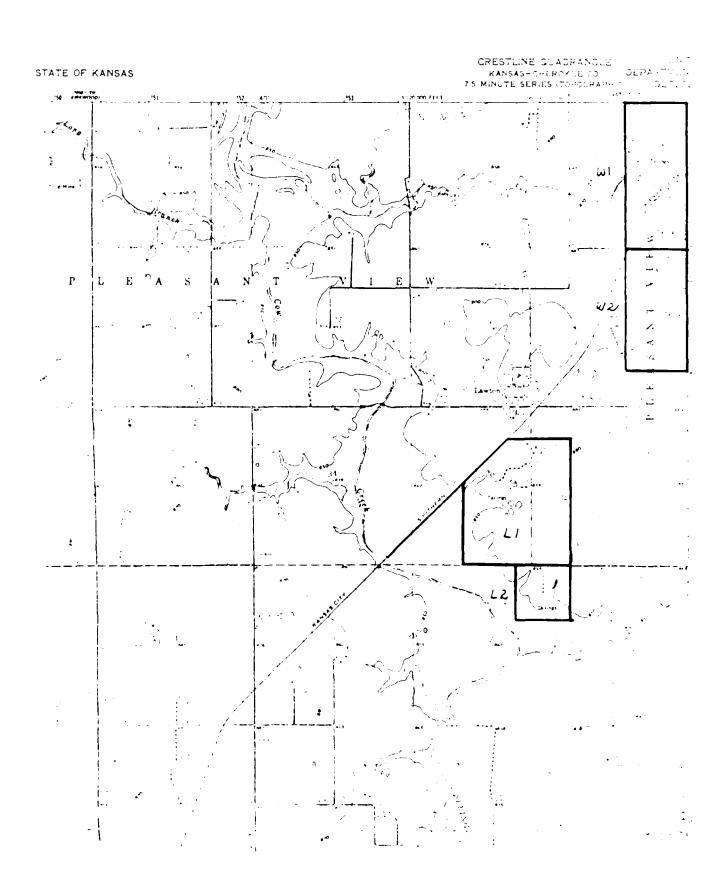
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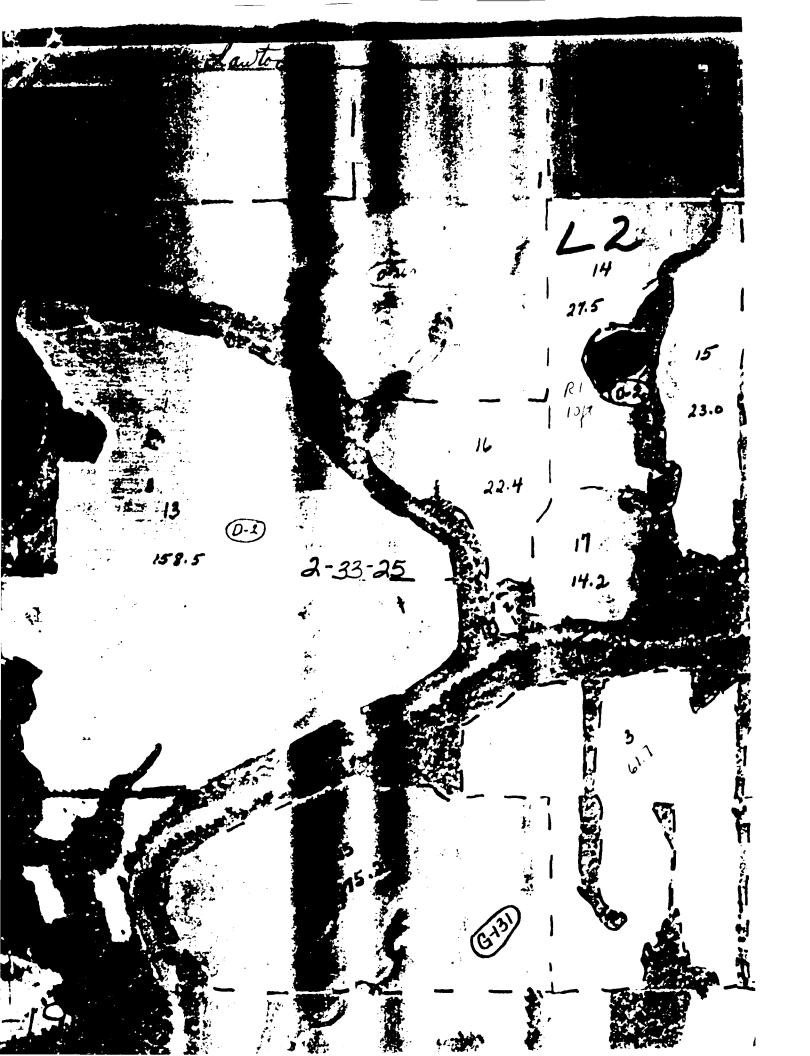
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## MACO AND LAWTON SUBSITES AREA MAP



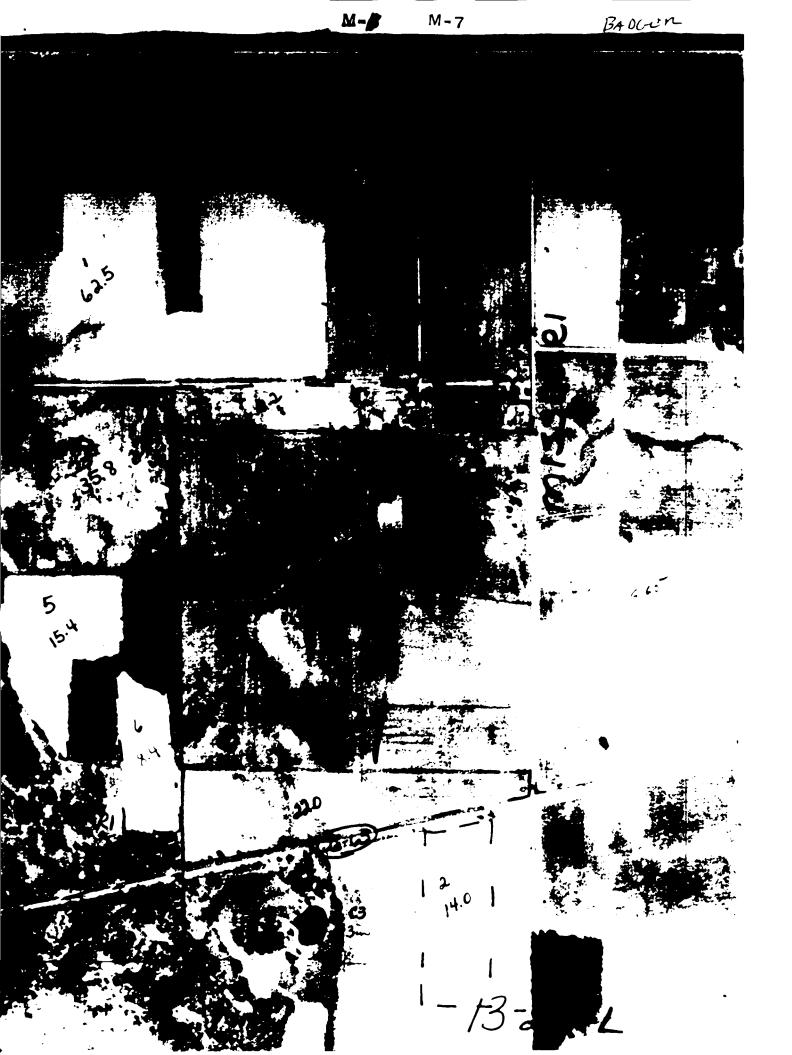


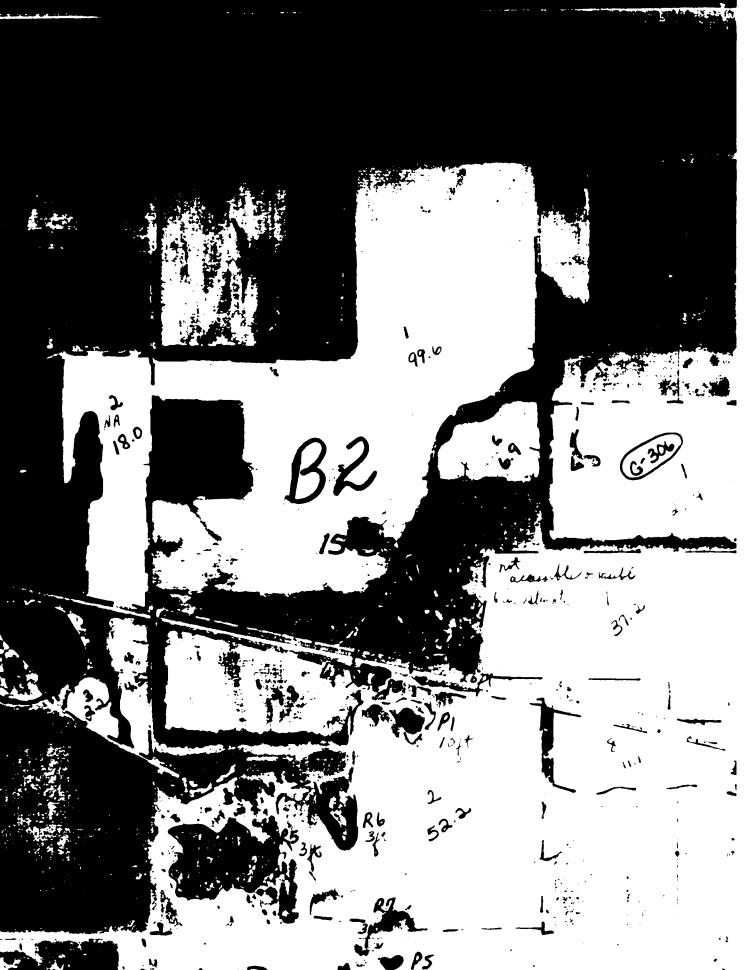


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HADGER AND LAWTON SUBSITES AREA MAP





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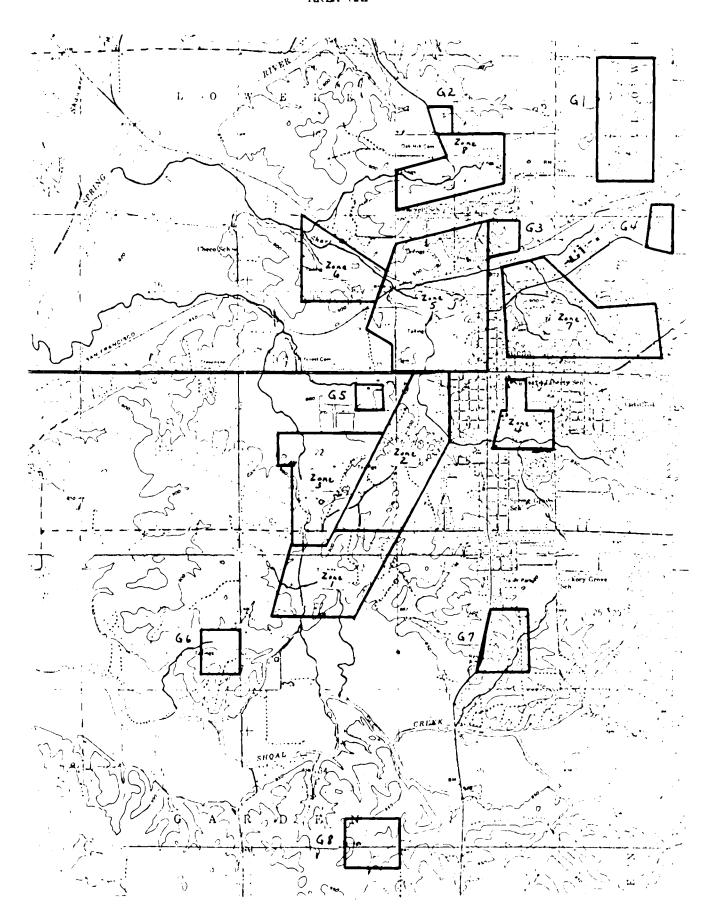
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Appendix B

		Depth	Acres	$yd^3$
T1 *	C1 C2 C3 S1 T1	1 ft. 20 ft. 6 in. 2 ft. 1 ft.	2.06 8.91 11.67 .89 3.14	3,323 287,490 9,414 2,872 5,066
Т3	C 4 C 5	1 ft. 3 in.	17.67	28,507 674
*	C6 C7 R1 R2 T2 P1 P2 P3 P4	6 in. 8 ft. 20 ft. 8 ft. 6 in. 20 ft. 30 ft. 20 ft.	1.58 56.28 .34 .05 .68 .05 .76 .09	1275 726,372 10,970 645 549 1,613 36,783 2,904
Т2	C1 C2 C3 C4/S C5 C6	6 in. 3 ft. 3 in. 6 in. 1 ft. 6 in.	12.63 .18 8.89 6.19 10.13 6.86	10,188 871 3,586 4,993 16,343 5,534
*	C7 C8 C9	8 ft. 6 in. 4 ft.	22.85 3.39 40.20	294,911 2,735 259,419
*	C10 C11 C12 C13 C14 R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7 R8 R9 R10 R11 R12 R13 R14 R15 S1/C	2 ft. 25 ft. 1 ft. 3 ft. 2 ft. 10 ft. 15 ft. 15 ft. 16 ft. 17 ft. 18 ft. 18 ft. 19 ft. 10 ft.	21.48 6.92 1.60 .68 5.27 .21 .14 .21 .10 .15 .27 .28 .23 .24 .30 .23 .11 .53 .16 .18 6.40	69,307 279,101 2,581 3,291 17,004 3,388 2,710 5,082 1,613 242 3,485 6,776 5,566 3,872 3,872 1,113 1,420 3,420 1,291 581 5,163

		Depth	Acres	<u>yd</u> 3
*	T1/S1 T2/S2 T3 T4	6 in. 6 in. 3 ft. 6 in.	3.45 1.23 31.31 1.17	2,783 992 151,537 944
	T5 T6 T7 P1	6 in. 3 ft. 6 in.	.48 .52 1.62 .14	387 2,517 1,307
	P2 P3 P <b>4</b> P5	30 ft. - 20 ft.	.45 .91 .76 .09	21,780 - - 2,904
	P6 P7 P8 P9	- - 20 ft.	.59 .66 .41 .06	- - 1,936
m 4 . *	P10	-	. 98	_
T4 *	C1/S1 C2/S S1/C	8 ft. 6 in. 1-/ <sub>2</sub> ft.	15.56 13.58 18.91	200,823 10,954 45,761
*	S2/C R1 R2 R3 R4 SS1	6 ft. 5 ft. 4 ft. 5 ft. 6 ft. 6 in. 1 ft.	25.25 .63 .10 .32 .20 .94 2.54	244,415 5,082 645 2,581 1,936 758 4,098
T5 *	C1 C2 C3	3 ft. 25 ft. 5 ft. 3 ft.	11.41 10.28 14.24 6.90	55,223 414,618 114,867 33,395
	C5 C6 C7 C8 R1	6 in. 6 in. 1 ft. 1 ft. 5 ft.	.95 8.29 9.14 4.48	766 6,687 14,746 7,228 4,517
	R2 T1 P1 R3 R4/C	5 ft. 6 in. - 5 ft. 15 ft.	.19 .79 .76 .17 1.19	1,533 637 - 1,371 28,797
Т6	C1 C2 C3 R1 R2	2 ft. 2 ft. 1 ft. 15 ft. 4 ft.	1.69 8.76 .45 .59	5,453 28,265 726 14,278 1,484

		Deptn	Acres	<u>у</u> д 3
	R3 R4 S1/C S2 S3 S4 S5 S6/C T1 T2	10 ft. 10 ft. 3 in. 3 ft. 2 ft. 2 ft. 2 ft. 6 in. 6 in.	.30 .32 1.18 5.03 8.83 1.97 1.40 8.80 .97	4,840 5,163 476 24,345 42,736 6,356 4,517 28,394 782 1,347
г7	C1 C2 C3 P1	2 ft. 6 in. 6 in.	17.58 .16 5.10 .67	56,724 129 4,114
Т8	C 1 C 2 R 1	6 in. 3 in. 10 ft.	9.84 3.14 .28	7,937 1,266 4,517
Т9	Rl	8 ft.	.16	2,065
T10	Cl	3 in.	.86	347
тіі	C1 R1 R2	2 ft. 5 ft. 5 ft.	2.70 .23 .19	8,712 1,855 1,533
T14	C1 C2 C3 P1	6 in. 6 in. 3 ft.	11.50 .73 .30 1.01	9,276 589 1,452
T15	C1 C2 C3	1 ft. 6 in. 3 in.	1.29 2.92 6.70	2,081 2,355 2,702
*	C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 R1 R2 R3 S1 S2/C S3 T1 T2 T3	15 ft. 3 ft. 2 ft. 6 in. 9 in. 8 ft. 10 ft. 15 ft. 2 ft. 3 ft. 2 ft. 1 ft. 6 in. 9 in. 1 rt.	17.06 2.10 8.52 .70 9.67 .13 .17 .23 .83 3.06 2.69 4.36 2.90 6.08 10.88	412,843 10,164 27,491 565 11,700 1,678 2,743 5,566 2,678 14,810 8,680 7,034 2,339 7,357 17,553

		Depth	Acres	$yd^3$
	T5 T6 Pl	1 ft. 6 in.	4.79 .27 .75	7,728 218 -
81	C1	3 ft.	.18	871
	C2	6 ft.	.28	2,710
	C3	3 in.	1.04	419
	R1	5 ft.	.12	968
В2	C1 C2/S C3 C4 C5 R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 R6 R7 S1 T1 P1 P2 P3 P4 P5	1 ft. 3 in. 6 in. 6 in. 9 in. 8 ft. 5 ft. 6 ft. 3 ft. 3 ft. 1 ft. 6 in. 10 ft. 20 ft.	2.41 3.67 3.71 6.10 1.03 .43 .18 .31 .08 .24 1.13 .10 3.62 .10 .41 .07 .10 .16 .23	3,888 1,480 2,993 4,921 1,246 5,550 1,452 3,001 774 1,162 5,469 484 5,840 81 6,615 2,259 - 7,421
в3	C 1	6 in.	1.42	1,145
	C 2	1 ft.	2.89	4,662
В4	C1	6 in.	.83	670
	C2	3 in.	.83	335
	R1	5 ft.	.16	1,291
В5	C1	6 in.	.29	234
	R1	8 ft.	.21	2,710
	R2	10 ft.	1.76	28,394
	R3	3 ft.	.07	339
	R4	3 ft.	.10	484
в6	C1	4 ft.	1.80	11,616
	C2	6 in.	11.90	9,599
	C3	3 in.	1.61	649
Ll	C1	3 ft.	.21	1,016
	C2	1 ft.	6.30	10,164
	C3	1 ft.	1.51	2,436

		Depth	Acres	yd <sup>3</sup>
	C4 C5	1 ft. 1 ft.	.65 2.08	1,049 3,356
L2	C 1 R 1	1 ft. 10 ft.	2.53 .27	4,082 4,356
wl	C1 C2 C3 C4 R1 R2 R3 S1/C T1 T2 P1 P2 P3 P4 R4	6 in. 6 in. 6 in. 7 in. 10 ft. 10 ft. 8 ft. 1-1/2 ft. 6 in. 6 in 10 ft. 10 ft. 8 ft.	12.60 .37 4.76 9.62 .15 .20 .13 24.53 .95 1.08 2.84 2.02 .73 .41	10,164 298 3,840 3,880 2,420 3,227 1,678 59,361 766 871 - 11,777 6,615 1,033
w2	C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 R1 R2 S1 T1 T2 P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 P6	<pre>1 ft. 1 ft. 1 ft. 6 in. 6 in. 6 in. 6 in. 6 ft. 1 ft. 2 ft. 1 ft</pre>	21.97 .67 1.85 2.80 .79 6.23 .70 .12 .11 11.90 12.75 15.96 .25 .08 .11 .76 .49 .17	35,444 1,081 2,985 2,259 637 5,025 565 1,162 887 19,198 41,139 25,748 4,033
Gl	C1/R1 C2 C3 C4 R1	3 ft. 5 ft. 2 ft. 3 ft. 2 ft.	1.44 .93 .56 8.93 .89	6,969 7,502 1,807 43,220 2,872
G2	C1 R1	6 in. 1 ft. 1 ft.	1.05 .50 1.03	847 807 1,662
G3	C2 C1 R1	5 ft. 1 ft.	.77 .58	6,211 936

		Depth	Acres	<u>yd</u> 3
G4	C1 R1	2 ft. 1 ft.	1.68 1.84	5,421 2,968
G5*	Cl Rl	2 ft. 3 in.	3.55 1.16	11,454 468
G6*	Cl Rl SSl	5 ft. 1 ft. 6 in.	4.19 2.57 .61	33,799 4,146 492
G7	C1 C2 C3 C4 R1 R2	9 in. 3 in. 1 ft. 2 ft. 3 ft. 8 ft.	.33 .74 .50 .47 .04	399 298 807 1,517 194 13,552
G8	C1	1-1/2 ft.	7.29	17,641
BS12	C1 C2 C3 C4 R1 R2 P1 P2 P3	6 in. 1 ft. 2 ft. 2 ft. 6 in. 6 in.	.48 1.59 1.80 2.10 .26 1.37 .30 .06	387 2,565 5,808 6,776 210 1,105
BS13	Cl Tl Pl	6 in. 5 ft.	3.17 3.97 1.60	2,557 32,024
BS9	C1 R1 R2 R3 R4	1 ft. 10 ft. 10 ft. 10 ft. 10 ft.	3.87 .28 .54 .45	6,243 4,517 8,712 7,260 2,259
BS8*	C1 C2 C3 C4 R1 R2 R3 T1	3 ft. 5 ft. 3 ft. 3 in. 10 ft. 8 ft. 4 ft. 6 in. 6 in.	20.08 .39 .25 1.35 .34 .04 .28 .38 .67	97,185 3,146 1,210 544 5,485 516 1,807 307 540

		Depth	Acres	$yd^3$
вѕз	Pond 1	~	2.06	-
859	C1 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 R1 R2/C2 R3 R4 R5 T1 T2 P1 P2 P3 P4 P5 R6	6 in. 6 in. 1 ft. 6 in. 3 in. 6 in. 6 in. 12 ft. 8 ft. 6 in. 6 in 1 ft.	2.46 1.30 4.67 .68 .70 1.14 .16 .60 .30 .11 .07 .15 .49 .32 .07 .25 .06 .04 .11	1,984 1,049 7,534 549 282 460 129 484 5,808 1,420 339 121 395
BS5	C 1	6 in.	28.60	23,070
BS3	Cl	l ft.	10.86	17,520
BS7	C 1 C 2	6 in. 3 ft.	5.31 1.36	4,283 6,582
BS6	C1 C2 C3 C4/R4 C5/R5 R1 R2 R3	2 ft. 6 in. 6 in. 8 in. 8 ft.	.35 .40 .63 2.34 6.72 .24 .21	1,129 323 508 944 5,421 194 2,710 3,227
BS10 *	C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 R1 S1 T1 T2 T3	6 in. 3 ft. 30 ft. 3 ft. 4 ft. 1 ft. 2 ft. 1 ft. 1 ft.	1.57 50.36 12.97 18.41 1.06 .04 5.24 6.75 3.79 3.76 2.08	1,266 243,737 627,735 89,103 5,130 65 33,815 10,890 12,229 6,066 3,356

Indicates a pile or location which was sampled

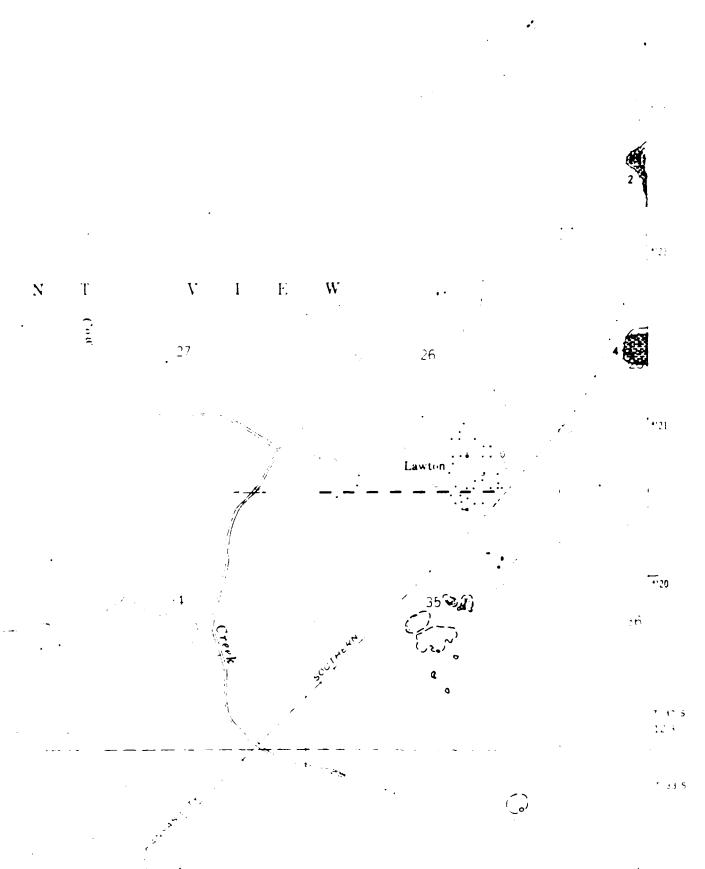
		Depth	Acres	<u>γd</u> 3
	T5 T6 P1 P2 P3	l ft. l ft. - -	1.00 .10 1.17 2.66 .06	1,613 161 - -
BS 11	C1 C2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 R1 R2 R3 R4 R5 T1 T2 T3	6 in. 6 in. 2 ft. 1 ft. 9 in. 6 in. 2 ft. 6 in. 3 ft. 2 ft. 10 ft. 5 ft. 6 in. 6 in. 6 in. 1 ft. 6 in. 6 in.	4.43 7.92 9.59 19.24 2.01 1.19 .16 1.48 .52 .29 .20 .25 .31 .26 .44 1.61 1.43 1.63	3,573 6,389 30,943 31,040 2,432 960 516 1,194 2,517 936 645 4,033 2,501 210 355 2,597 1,154 1,315
	SS1 SS2 P1 P2 P3 P4	3 in. 3 in. - 50 ft. 50 ft.	1.01 1.49 .11 .22 5.95 .90	407 601 - 479,957 72,599
BS 4* *	C1 C2 S1 T1	5 ft. 2 ft. 5 ft. 1 ft.	2.09 .50 3.79 3.20	16,859 1,613 30,572 5,163
BS 5	C1 C2 C3 R1 R2 P1 P2	6 in. 6 in. 5 ft. 5 ft. 5 ft. 30 ft.	10.09 2.15 .20 .04 .06 .17	8,139 1,734 1,613 323 484 8,228 6,292
BS 1	C1 C2 R1	3 in. 3 in. 1 ft.	2.92 1.05 .12	1,178 423 194

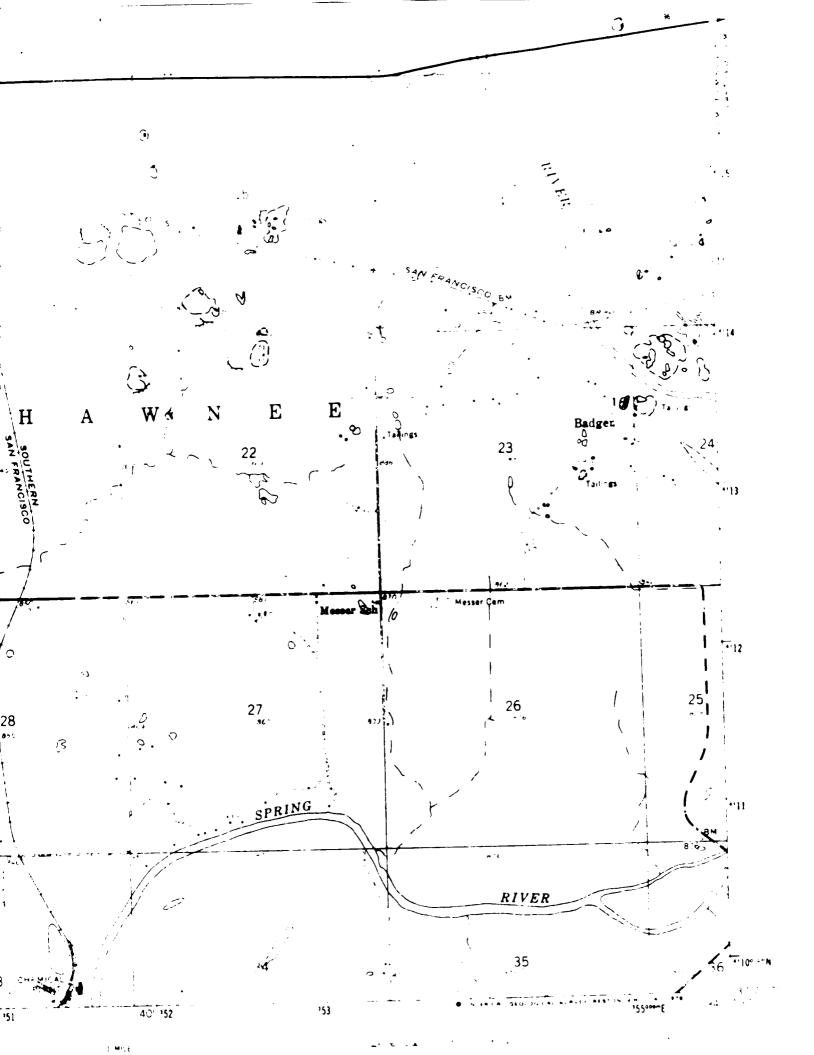
		Depth	Acres	<u>yd</u> 3
	R2 R3	2 ft 1 ft		226 258
BS 2*	C1 C2 C3 R1 P1 P2	5 ft 2 ft 3 in 3 ft 30 ft 30 ft	. 1.73 . 1.36 33 52	43,559 5,582 549 1,597 25,167 9,680
BS13	Cl/Rl	3 in	. 4.44	1,791

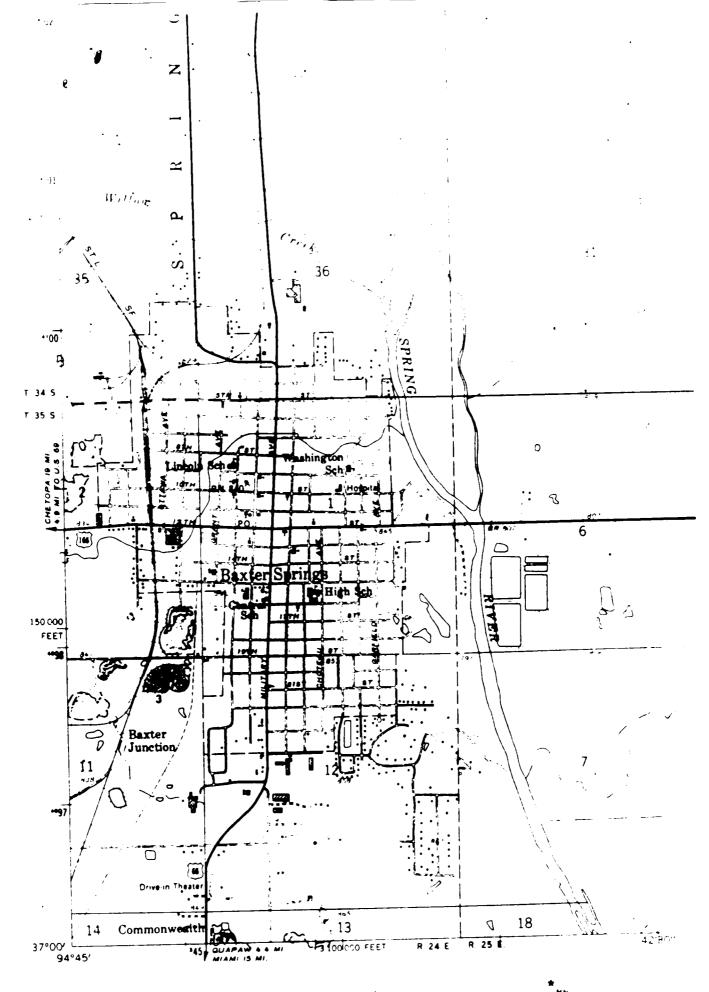
Indicates a pile or location which was sampled

Appendix C

## PLATE III-A: CRESTLINE QUADRANGLE, KANSAS







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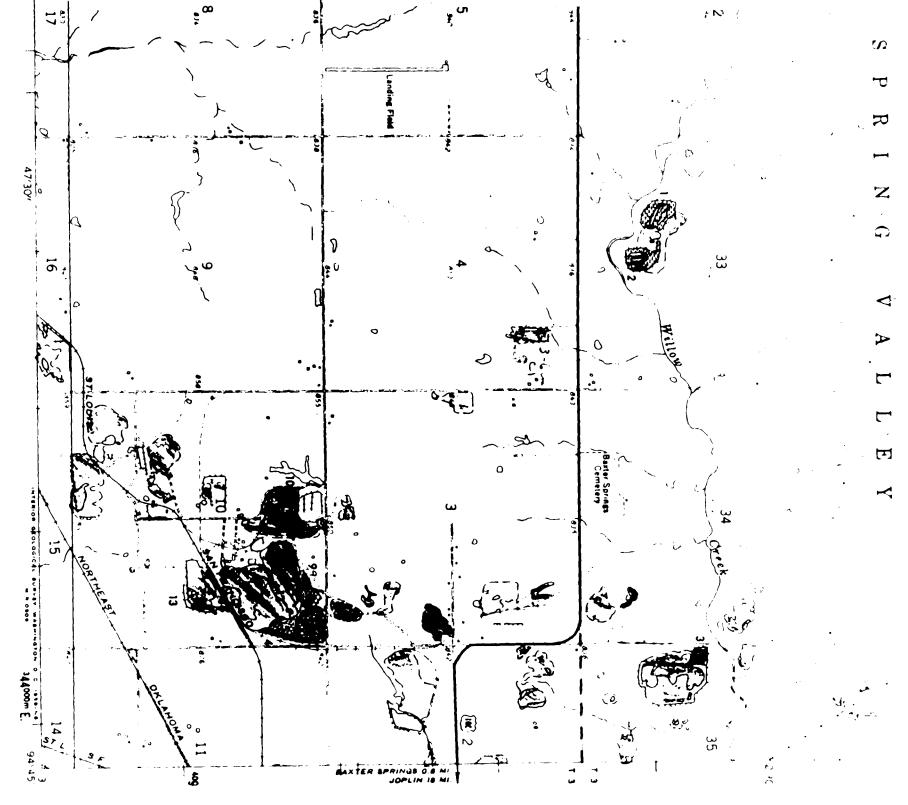
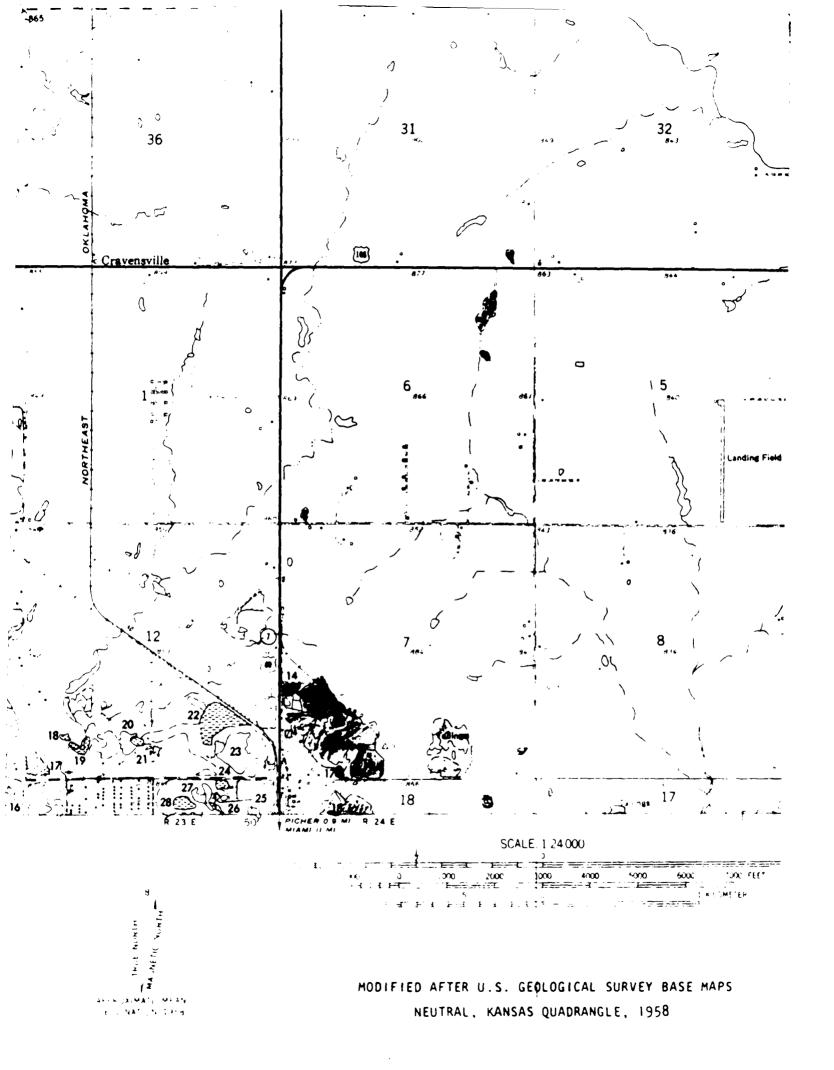
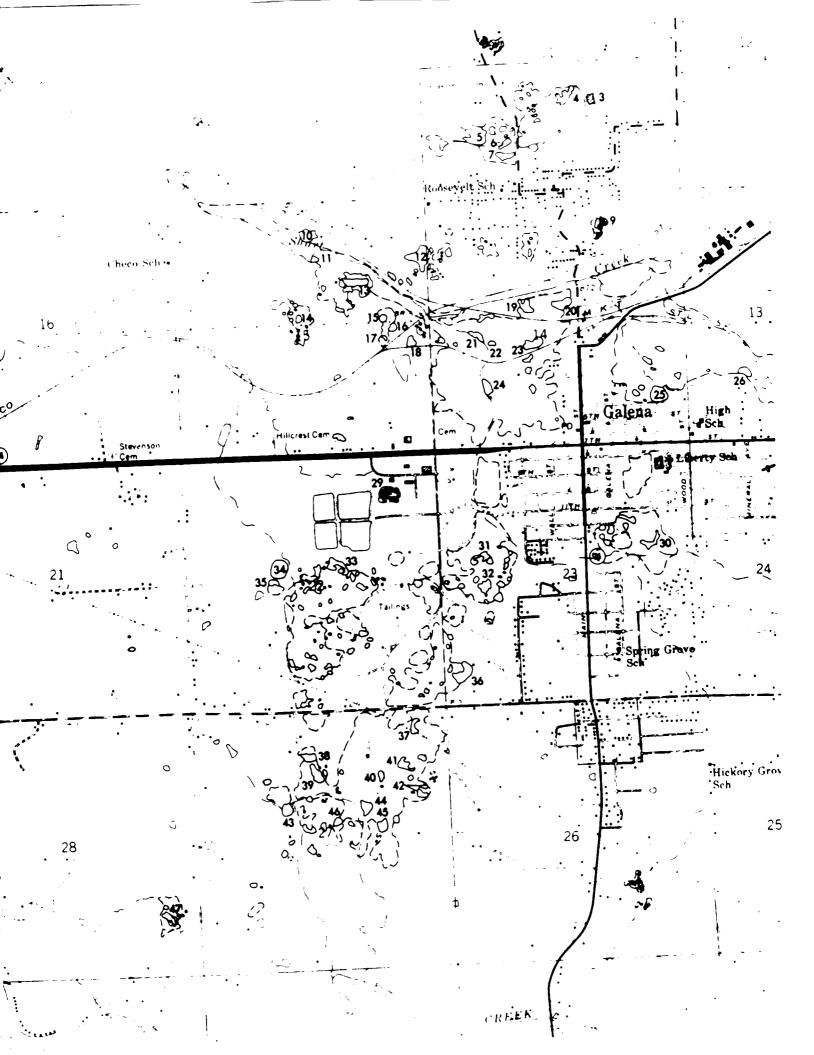


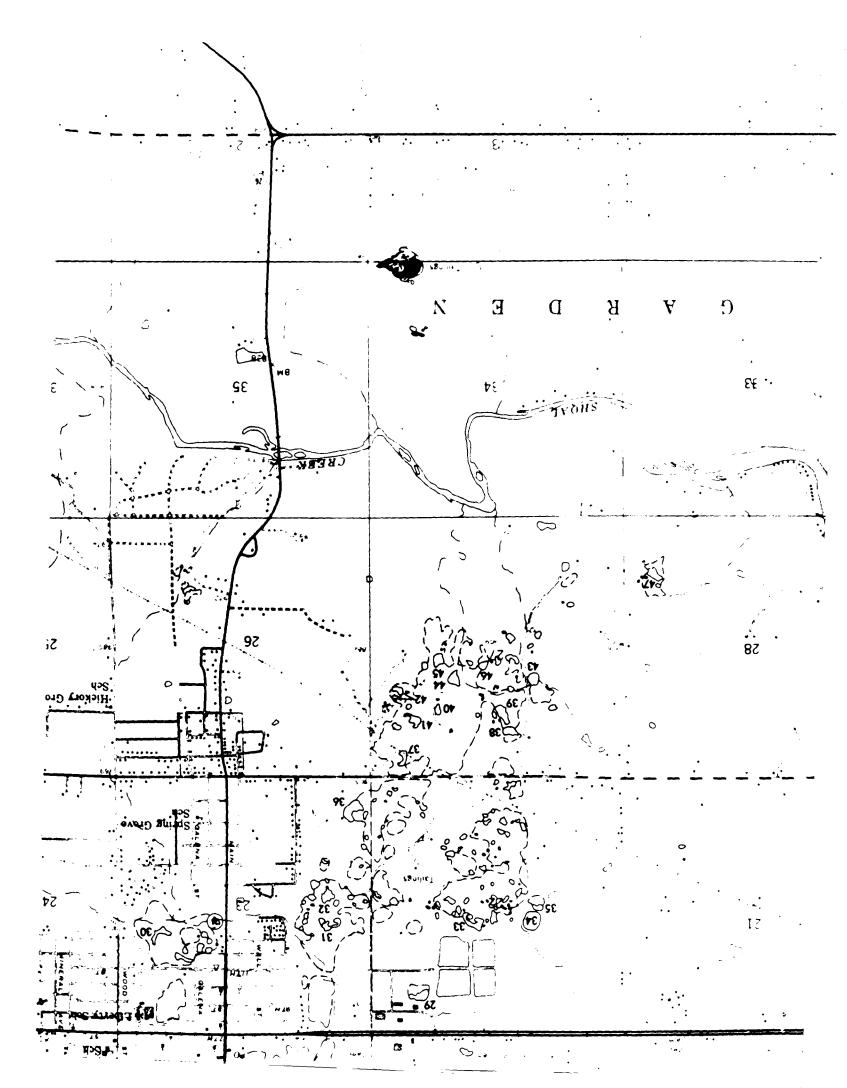
PLATE III-B: MINE AND MILL WASTE, NEUTRAL
QUADRANGLE, KANSAS

CROI VALINCAUM G SAMOI AG

THUE NORTH







Appendix D

List of Sampling Sites

Designation	Subsite Location	Township Range Section	Description
8A-C3 5D-C1 7B-C2 7A-C2 6B-C1S 6B-C1SS G5-C1 G6-C1 G-GR1 1H-C10	Galena	34,25,11 34,25,15 34,25,14 34,25,13 34,25,15 34,25,15 34,25,22 34,25,22 34,25,28 34,25,26 34,25,27	chat pile chat pile chat pile chat pile chat pile chat pile (surface) chat pile (subsurface) chat pile chat pile chat pile chat pile chat pile
BS2-C1 BS4-TSC1 BS8-C1 BS10-T1 BS10-C3	Baxter Springs Baxter Springs Baxter Springs Baxter Springs Baxter Springs Baxter Springs	35,24,13 35,24,11 34,24,35 35,24,10 35,24,10	chat pile chat, sand & tailing chat pile (Brewster) tailing pond and banks chat pile (Ballard)
T2-T3 T4-S2/C T3-C7 T2-C9 T2-C11 T5-C2 T4-C1/S1 T2-C7 T1-T1 T1-C2 T15-T4 T15-C4	Treece	35,23,11 35,23,14 35,23,2 35,23,11 35,23,11 35,24,7 35,23,14 35,23,11 35,23,2 35,23,2 35,23,12	tailing pond sand/chat pile chat pile chat pile chat pile chat pile chat/sand pile chat pile tailing pond chat pile tailing pond chat pile

Sampling Results (Corrected for Dilution)

Sample	As	Ba	Cd	Cr	Cu	Pe <sub>1</sub>	Mn_	N11-	Pb	Zn
8A-C3	<0.001	0.0010	0.0005	0.007	0.0008	0.320	0.0006	0.001	0.024	0.0625
5D-C1	<0.001	0.002	0.001	0.008	0.008	0.410	0.002	0.0006	0.525	0.525
7B-C2	<0.001	0.002	0.002	0.009	0.004	0.450	0.003	0.0007	0.0572	0.655
7A-C2	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.013	0.002	0.405	0.002	0.0007	0.0287	0.588
6B-C1S	<0.001	0.0010	0.0010	0.006	0.0010	0.280	0.0006	0.0006	<0.003	0.194
6B-C1SS	<0.001	0.002	0.002	0.007	0.002	0.392	0.0007	0.0012	<0.003	0.330
G5-C1	<0.001	0.011	0.004	0.008	0.020	0.443	0.002	0.001	0.0450	0.928
G6-C1	<0.001	0.002	0.0005	0.007	0.001	0.318	0.0006	0.001	0.005	0.0665
G-GR1	<0.001	0.0010	0.002	0.009	0.001	0.350	0.010	0.0008	0.009	0.427
1H-C10	<0.001	0.002	0.0004	0.009	0.001	0.293	0.0007	0.0004	0.0605	0.0615
8 <b>52-</b> C1	0.002	0.0007	0.003	0.007	0.002	0.532	0.002	0.0008	0.171	0.520
BS4-TSC1	0.002	0.0004	0.002	0.009	0.003	0.365	0.001	0.0010	0.0622	0.425
888-C1	0.003	0.0007	0.004	0.012	0.015	0.555	0.008	0.0002	0.0378	1.08
BS10-T1	0.003	0.002	0.008	0.007	0.013	0.707	0.006	0.002	0.151	0.45
BS 10-C 3	0.002	0.0005	0.003	0.010	0.002	0.310	0.002	0.001	0.0282	0.53
Г2-Т3	0,003	0.001	0.006	0.008	0.013	0.755	0.016	0.002	0.510	1.38
r4-s2/c	0.003	0.0006	0.004	0.011	0.004	0.425	0.009	0.002	0.0407	0.782
r3-c7	0.003	0.002	0.006	0.011	0.003	0.285	0.002	0.001	0.0538	1.27
Γ2-C9	0.003	0.0006	0.004	0.011	0.004	0.390	0.008	0.001	0.0417	0.763
r2-c11	0.003	0.0006	0.006	0.014	0.004	0.457	0.006	0.002	0.014	1.34
r5-c2	0.003	0.0006	0.006	0.010	0.003	0.277	0.006	0.0010	0.0457	0.0010
r4-c1/s1	0.003	0.001	0.007	0.013	0.004	0.490	0.010	0.002	0.0475	1.55
r2-c7	0.003	0.0006	0.005	0.010	0.007	0.435	0.005	0.001	0.0705	1.06
T1-T1	0.002	0.0007	0.007	0.007	0.008	0.433	0.012	0.002	0.580	1.14
C1-C2	0.002	0.0006	0.007	0.007	0.005	0.385	0.007	0.001	0.0555	1.60
T15-T4	0.002	0.002	0.009	0.010	0.0257	0.690	0.023	0.002	0.443	1.64
r15-c4	<0.001	0.0007	0.004	0.016	0.004	0.380	0.008	0.0009	0.0607	0.700

Appendix E

Sampling Results (Given in Percentages)

Sample	As	Ва	Cd	Cr	Cu		Mn	N11~	Pb	Zn
8A-C3	<0.001	0.0010	0.0005	0.007	0.0008	0.320	0.0006	0.001	0.024	0.0625
5D-C1	<0.001	0.002	0.001	0.008	0.008	0.410	0.002	0.0006	0.525	0.525
7B-C2	<0.001	0.002	0.002	0.009	0.004	0.450	0.003	0.0007	0.0572	0.655
7A-C2	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.013	0.002	0.405	0.002	0.0007	0.0287	0.588
6B-C1S	<0.001	0.0010	0.0010	0.006	0.0010	0.280	0.0006	0.0006	<0.003	0.194
6B-C1SS	<0.001	0.002	0.002	0.007	0.002	0.392	0.0007	0.0012	<0.003	0.330
G5-C1	<0.001	0.011	0.004	0.008	0.020	0.443	0.002	0.001	0.0450	0.928
G <b>6-</b> C1	<0.001	0.002	0.0005	0.007	0.001	0.318	0.0006	0.001	0.005	0.0665
G-GR1	<0.001	0.0010	0.002	0.009	0.001	0.350	0.010	0.0008	0,009	0.427
1H-C10	<0.001	0.002	0.0004	0.009	0.001	0.293	0.0007	0.0004	0.0605	0.0615
BS2-C1	0.002	0.0007	0.003	0.007	0.002	0.532	0.002	0.0008	0.171	0.520
BS4-TSC1	0.002	0.0004	0.002	0.009	0.003	0.365	0.001	0.0010	0.0622	0.425
85 <b>8-</b> C1	0.003	0.0007	0.004	0.012	0.015	0.555	0.008	0.0002	0.0378	1.08
BS10-T1	0.003	0.002	0.008	0.007	0.013	0.707	0.006	0.002	0.151	0.45
9S10-C3	0.002	0.0005	0,003	0.010	0.002	0.310	0.002	0.001	0.0282	0.53
T2-T3	0.003	0.001	0.006	0.008	0.013	0.755	0.016	0.002	0.510	1.38
Γ4-S2/C	0.003	0.0006	0.004	0.011	0.004	0.425	0.009	0.002	0.0407	0.782
r3-c7	0.003	0.002	0.006	0.011	0.003	0.265	0.002	0.001	0.0538	1.27
r2-c9	0.003	0.0006	0.004	0.011	0.004	0.390	0.008	0.001	0.0417	0.763
L3-C11	0.003	0.0006	0.006	0.014	0.004	0.457	0.006	0.002	0.014	1.34
r5-c2	0,003	0.0006	0.006	0.010	0.003	0.277	0.006	0.0010	0.0457	0.0010
r4-ci/si	0.003	0.001	0.007	0.013	0.004	0.490	0.010	0.002	0.0475	1.55
r2-c7	0.003	0.0006	0.005	0.010	0.007	0.435	0.005	0.001	0.0705	1.06
T1-T1	0.002	0.0007	0.007	0.007	0.008	0.433	0.012	0.002	0.580	1.14
T1-C2	0.002	0.0006	0.007	0.007	0.005	0.385	0.007	0.001	0.0555	1.60
T15-T4	0.002	0.002	0.009	0.010	0.0257	0.690	0.023	0.002	0.443	1.64
T15-C4	< 0.001	0.0007	0.004	0.016	0.004	0.380	0.004	0.0009	0.0607	0.700